Non-Profit Collaborative

Strategic Planning for Non-Profit Organizations

Hosted By:
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Introduction

Today's Agenda

- What is the Value of a Strategic Plan?
- Strategic Planning Life Cycle
- Mission and Vision Statements
- Building the Plan using; Primary Objectives,
 SMART Goals and Action Plans
- Execution of the Plan
- Evaluation of the Plan



Strategic Planning Life Cycle

II. A Failure to Plan is a Plan to Fail







Myths About Planning

- Most people are good at planning.
- Planning takes too much time and work; it bogs us down.
- Planning is looked upon as an investment.
- The best planning measures are based on complex strategies.
- Planning should be concrete, and not flexible.



The Value of Planning





YES IT'S GOING REALLY
WELL. WE ARE
PLANNING ON HAVING A
BABY TOGETHER.

SHAH RUKH KHAN
PICTURE QUOTES . com.





Strategic Planning Life Cycle

- Clarify
- Plan
- Execute
- Evaluate





- Define what you want to achieve:
 - Mission Statement
 - Vision Statement
 - Strategy vs. tasks
 - Short-term vs. long-term planning
 - Short-term action items
 - Long-term strategies and direction
 - Operational items
 - Impressing Funders
- Strategic Planning vs. Review





Indentifying topics to discuss:

Strategies
Market area

Growth opportunities

Mergers/consolidations

Board Succession

Corporate Governance

Management Succession

ED Performance

Alternative funding

Facilities

Staffing

Programming

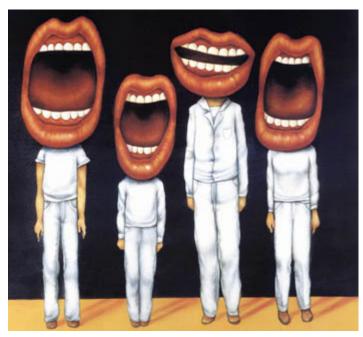
Public Relations

Marketing

Branding

Technology Solutions

Financial Results



Whatever you want to talk about.....



- Setting your mind in the right place
 - Intuition and creativity
 - Appreciating your competitive environment
 - Unraveling the complexities of the organization
 - Agility, flexibility and member savvy
 - Ongoing frame of mind





- Choose the right facilitator
 - They should not be part of the discussion
 - Responsible for documenting progress
 - Keeping the sessions on track
 - Ensuring all topics are covered
 - Possess basic knowledge of the organization
 - Must be familiar with the strategic planning process





Where to find a good facilitator:

- Internally
- Board of Directors
- Executive Director
- Advisory BoardMember
- Jericho Road

- Professional Facilitator
- PrivateFacilitatingCompanies
- Colleges and Universities

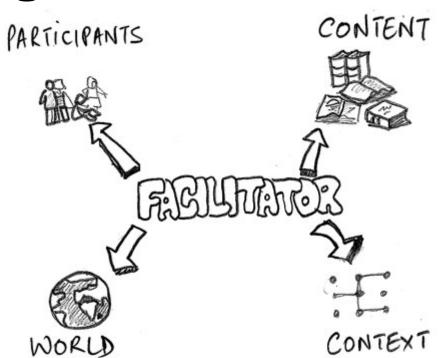




How to find a good facilitator:

Interview the Facilitator

 Funding may be available for this process





Who to involve in strategic planning?

- Board of Directors
- Advisory Board
- Executive Director
- Founding Director
- Staff
- Members
- General Public



What are the Responsibilities of Each?



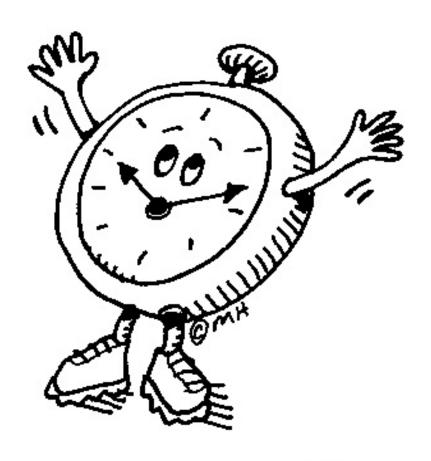
Other thoughts to consider:

- Where will I hold the meetings?
 - Let's do a retreat
 - Home is where the heart is!





- Other thoughts to consider:
 - How long will each session last?
 - Day long sessions
 - Multiple shorter sessions
 - Don't forget to take breaks and feed them





Don't forget to take breaks and to feed them!









Do We Need A Mission Statement





<u>M mission statement</u> defines the purpose of the organization and provides the reason why it exists



A vision statement reflects the optimistic view of the organization's future, rather than why the organization exists a

Breakout Session: Mission Statement

- Introduce yourself and your organization
- Present your mission statement to the group
- Circle the key words in the mission statement
- Strike through unnecessary words
- Discuss why you made the changes with the group
- Do not worry about wordsmithing at this time

Note: The same exercise can be used for updating/creating a Vision Statement



- Other external thoughts to consider:
 - What is the benefit of conducting market research?
 - Know your market, your members, your potential members
 - Know your competition





SWOT

Conducting a SWOT

- Brainstorming at different levels
 - Board
 - Staff



- Narrowing down the ideas
- When do we do this?



- <u>Strength:</u> Internal element which is under your control which can create a competitive advantage.
- Weakness: Internal element which is under your control which can be stopped to avoid objective derailment.
- Opportunity: External condition that is out of your control, but you can benefit from if you plan properly.
- Threat: External negative condition that is our of your control, but you can defend against it and reduce its impact.









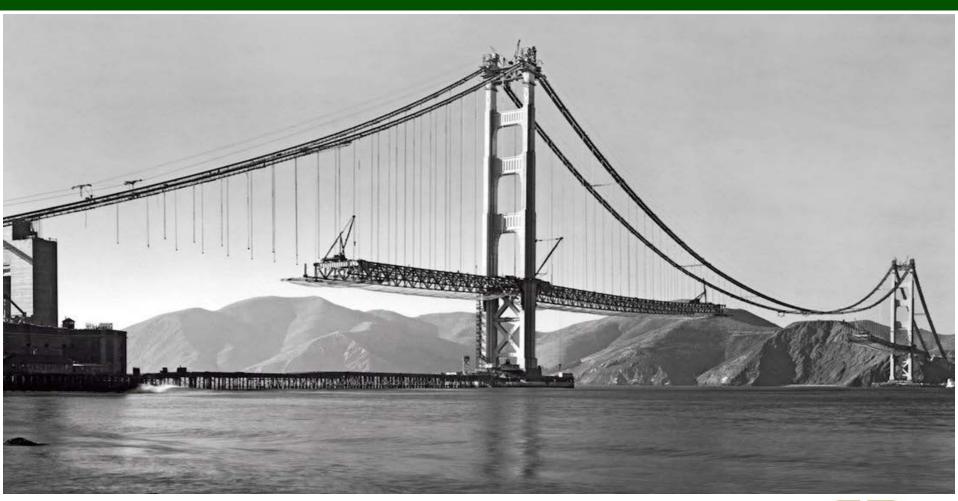


Breakout Session: S.W.O.T.

- Review the example company
- Brainstorming requires everyone's participation
- As a group, identify three Strengths,
 Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats









- Primary Objectives: A broad statement of purpose describing the end stated towards which the goals and actions plans are directed.
- SMART Goals: Provide detail to primary objective direction and set targets so that the action plans can be developed.
- Action Plan: Provide a roadmap to implement the SMART goals.



- Primary Objectives: A broad statement of purpose describing the end stated towards which the goals and actions plans are directed.
- Confirmation of the group's consensus
- Prioritize items from SWOT
- Identify 3-5 from each category to become your strategic priorities





Primary Objectives:

- Which ones are we most likely to accomplish?
- Which ones will have the greatest impact?
- Can we achieve these in three years?
- What are the budget implications?







Smart goals:

- Specific: Who is involved and what will we accomplish?
- Measurable: How much, how many and when will we finish?
- Attainable: Do we have the resources available?
- Relevant: How does it align with our strategy?
- <u>Time-bound:</u> Clear timeframe and deadline?





Action Plans:

- Specific activities
- Responsibility levels
- Time frames
- Outcomes

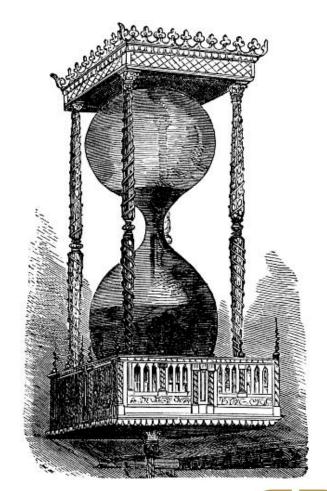


- Determine when the plan will be completed
- Determine plan format
- Identify who will review and approve the plan
- Distribute the plan

 Who will own the action items: Board vs. Managers

 Determine the frequency of follow-up

Assign the plan to a committee





- Be willing to adapt/change the plan
- Measure results
- Celebrate accomplishments
- Share with your community





- What is the life of a strategic plan?
 - 1 year
 - -3 years
 - -5 years
- Do it all over again
- Consider performing a strategic review each year



DO IT OVER AND OVER AGAIN UNTIL IT BECOMES PART OF WHO YOU ARE.



Summary

- Set your goals
- Prepare for your session
- Properly administrate the session
- Follow-up and monitor the plan





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